QUESTION BANK

1.	concept of ma	arketing assumes that custo	omers will prefer those prod	ducts which are	
	aggressively promoted.				
	a) Selling	b) marketing	c) societal	d) Holistic	
2.	refers to set of products which are offered for sale by a firm.				
			c) Product selling	d) Product pricing	
3.	refers to the ex	ktra incentives that the chann	nel intermediaries get to stock	and promote the	
	products.				
			c) Extra credit period	d) None of above	
4.	is a consumer of	organization in India.			
	a) CGSI	b) AAAI	c) ASI	d) BTS	
5.	involves tools t	to induce the customers to bu	ly the products.		
	a) Advertising	b) Personal selling	c) Sales Promotion	d) Publicity	
6.	At introductory stage of	f product life cycle, advertisin	g is undertaken to		
	a) Create awareness		b) Sell the product to mass	ses	
	c) Remind the customer	rs	d) None of these		
7.	is an important element of a behavioural segmentation.				
	a) Buying motives	b) Gender	c) Region	d) Education	
8.	Inpricing strategy, large firms charge low prices to kill competition in the market.				
	a) Predatory	b) Penetration	c) Trail	d) Flexible Price	
9.	system takes place when two or more stages of a distribution channel are combined and				
	managed by one firm.				
	a) Vertical marketing	b) Horizontal marketing	c) Third party logistics	d) None of these	
10	attack is a com	bination of frontal and flank	attack.		
	a) Encirclement	b) Flank	c) Frontal	d) Bypass	
11	. The oldest concept of m	narketing is theconc	ept.		
	•		c) marketing	d) holistic	
12		ted by Mondelez Internation			
	a) Cadbury dairy milk	b) Mercedes	c) McDonald	d) KFC	
13	is an unpaid	form of promotion-mix.			
	a) Publicity	b) Advertising	c) Salesmanship	d) Packaging	
14	. When product perform	ance is more than customer e	expectations, it results in	·	
	a) customer delight		b) customer satisfaction		
	c) customer dissatisfact	ion	d) customer astonished		
15	is a process of	extending an existing brand r	name to other brands.		
	a) Brand extension	b) Brand equity	c) Brand image	d) Brand Functions	

16.	. The main objective of a	dvertising is to			
	a) Create awareness	b) Increase sales	c) Increase profits	d) Increase	
17.	Harmful products like c	igarettes are promoted throug	ghads.		
	a) Surrogate	b) Advocacy	c) Social	d) Predatory	
18.	The aim ofis to	build customer equity.			
	a) CRM	b) TQM	c) BPRE	d) MIS	
19.	marketing diffe	erentiates a firm from its comp	petitions.		
	a) Strategic	•	c) Integrated	d) Social	
20.	is the incremental value of a business above the value of its physical assets due to the market				
	position achieved by its brand.				
	a) Brand equity	b) Brand image	c) Brand extension	d) Brand Personality	
21.	organization as	sists the consumers in legal m	atters.		
	a) Consumers	b) Social	c) Political	d) Government	
22.	involves creating, maintaining and enhancing profitable and long term relationships with all stakeholders.				
	a) Relationship marketic) Societal marketing	ng	b) Holistic marketingd) Social marketing		
23.	The word ethics is deriv	ed fromword 'Ethos'.			
	a) Greek	b) German	c) Latin	d) Spanish	
24.	is a systematic g	athering, recording and analy	zing of data about marketing p	oroblems.	
	a) Adverting Research		b) Sales Research		
	c) Product research		d) Marketing Research		
25.	gives a distinctive identity to the brand.				
	a) Brand positioning	b) Brand loyalty	c) Brand equity	d) Brand name	
26.	marketing refers to marketing to small segment of the market.				
	a) Niche	b) Small	c) Special	d) Large	
27.	marketing syste	m is an arrangement whereby	two or more firms at the sam	e level join together	
	for marketing purposes	to capitalize on a new opport	unity.		
	a) Horizontal	b) Vertical	c) Multi-level	d) both a & b	
28.	defense strategy	involves launching of an offe	nce against the competitor be	fore the latter starts	
	an offence.				
	a) Pre-emptive	b) Flanking	c) Position	d) microscopic	
29.	concept assumes that a company can prosper, if it strikes a balance of society's welfare, customer				
	satisfaction and compa	•			
	a) Societal	b) Relationship marketing	c) Marketing	d) Holistic	
30.		tive covering of the product us			
	a) Packing	b) Positioning	c) Branding	d) Pricing	

31.	is the perception	of the brand in the minds of o	customers.	
	a) Brand image	b) Brand equity	c) Brand loyalty	d) Brand logo
32.	Cloner strategy is followed	ed by market		
	a) Follower	b) Leader	c) Challenger	d) both a & b
33.	Theconcept of m	arketing consists of integrate	d marketing, internal marketir	ng, relationship
	marketing and performa	nce marketing.		
	a) Relationship	b) societal	c) holistic	d) production
34.	is an important e	lement demographic segment	tation.	
	a) Age	b) Life style	c) Locality	d) Gender
35.	refers to a group distribution.	of related products that share	e common characteristics, and	channels of
	a) Product line	b) Product mix	c) Product range	d) Product
36.	At the introductory stage	e of PLC, a business firm resor	ts to creating .	
		b) Brand value		d) Brand loyalty
37.	Marketing through socia marketing.	l media networks like Whatsa	pp, Twitter, Facebook, etc. is o	called
	a) Social media	b) Internet	c) E-marketing	d) Viral
38.	pricing helps to w	vipe out competition from the	market.	
	a) Predatory		c) Premium	d) Provisional
39.	is the outcome of large scale production and distribution of goods.			
	a) Economies of scale	0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	b) Marketing research	
	c) Marketing Intelligence	e System	d) Financial Management Sys	stem
40.	popularized the c	concept of 4 P's.		
	a) E. Jerome McCarthy	·	b) Philip Kotler	
	c) William Stanton		d) Abraham Koshy	
41.	is the process use	ed to extract usable data from	a large set of raw data.	
	a) Data extracting	b) Data mining	c) Data filtering	d) Data Storing
42.	is called S.T.P stra	ategy in marketing.		
	a) Target marketing		b) Market Segmentation	
	c) Market positioning		d) Mass marketing	
43.	is not an internal	factor affecting pricing.		
	a) Demand	b) Cost	c) Product	d) Supply
44.	is an element of t	the marketing mix.		
	a) Profit	b) Price	c) Investment	d) Plan
45.	is the part of the	product that carries informat	on about the product and the	seller.
	a) Channels	b) Profit	c) Label	d) Decision

46.	marketing means	producers selling directly to t	he consumers.	
	a) Direct	b) Indirect	c) E	d) Internet
47.	helps in protecting	g the goods from damage dur	ing transportation.	
	a) Packing	b) Tracking	c) Insurance	d) None of these
48.	is unpaid form of	promotional mix .		
	a) Publicity	b) Advertising	c) Salesmanship	d) Public Relation
49.	Amarket is a sma	ll market segment.		
	a) Small	b) niche	c) tiny	d) microscopic
50.	The Consumer Education	d in		
	a) Mumbai	b) Delhi	c) Ahmedabad	d) Chennai